BULLETIN ZOOLOGISCH MUSEUM



Vol. 6 No. 7 1977

THE FIRST RECORD OF TRACHINOTUS OVATUS (LINNAEUS, 1758) IN THE COASTAL WATERS OF THE NETHERLANDS (PISCES, PERCIFORMES, CARANGIDAE)

H. NIJSSEN & P. DE KOEIJER

ABSTRACT

A live specimen of Trachinotus ovatus (Linnaeus, 1758) is reported for the first time from the coastal waters of the Netherlands.

On the 21st of October 1976, while fishing during ebb tide with a set-net from the surface to a depth of eight metres, a Dutch fishing cutter from the port of Vlissingen, the VLI 6 (skipper Mr. P.J. Kleppe) caught a live specimen of a Derbio, Trachinotus ovatus (fig. 1), in a seaarm called the Costerschelde. The exact locality is 6.5 km WNW of the fishing port Colijnsplaat, near buoy SvK 4 at the "Schaar van Colijnsplaat", 51° 37'00" N 03° 48'30" E, maximum depth about 25 metres, sand bottom. The specimen was found in a mixed catch of Sprat, Sprattus sprattus (Linnaeus) men from Penzance, Cornwall, caught on 28-VIIIand juvenile Herring, Clupea harengus Linnaeus.

The specimen has a total length of 33.8 cm and

is deposited in the fish collection of the Institute of Taxonomic Zoology (Zoölogisch Museum), Amsterdam (ZMA 114.308) by courtesy of Mr. F.J. Minneboo, officer in charge of the fish market of Colijnsplaat, and of the Delta Institute for Hydrobiological Research at Yerseke.

Although this specimen is the first record of Trachinotus ovatus in the North Sea, the species has previously been recorded as "Lichia glaucus" [sic!] (Linnaeus, 1758) from the western entrance of Mount's Bay, Cornwall, caught in a drift-net in deep water off the Runnel Stone in October 1857 (Couch, R.Q., 1859; Couch, J., 1863: 139-141, pl. 95). This specimen had a total length of 34 cm. Day (1880: 132-133, pl. 47, fig. 1) repeats this record as Lichia glauca and lists a second speci-

A third record from British waters has been

given by Wheeler (1969: 334). This specimen with a total length of 33.2 cm was caught in the Irish Sea in a salmon stake at Innerwel, Wigtown Bay, on 26-VIII-1961 (Wheeler in lit., 23-XI-1976).

The only other records of *Trachinotus ovatus* in the northern Atlantic are from Danish waters, where eight specimens were recorded (Jensen, 1940: 194; Nielsen, in lit. 11-XI-1976), all about 25-35 cm long (see table I and fig. 2).

Trachinotus ovatus (English: Derbio; Danish: Gaffelmakrel; Dutch: Gaffelmakreel) occurs in the Mediterranean and in the eastern Atlantic Ocean from the Bay of Biscay to the Gulf of Guinea. It rarely migrates to northern waters.

Characteristic for the family Carangidae are the first two short, isolated spines of the anal fin, and a series of short, isolated spines (six in *Trachinotus ovatus*) representing the first dorsal fin.

The Derbio is characterized by its small mouth

with small teeth, its short pectoral fin, and its deeply forked, dark, caudal fin. About six oval blotches are present in a row on the sides of the body. The back is dark, the sides and belly silverish. The tips of the dorsal and anal fins are black.

REFERENCES

COUCH, J., 1863. The history of the fishes of the British islands, 2: i-iv, 1-265. (G. Bell & Sons, London.)

COUCH, R.Q., 1859. On the occurrence of the Derbio (Lichia glaucus Cuv.) in Mount's Bay.- Zoologist, 17: 6333-6335

DAY, F., 1880. The fishes of Great Britain and Ireland, 1: i-cxii, 1-336. (William & Norgate, London.)

JENSEN, Ad.S., 1940. Om nogle for den Danske fauna nye eller sjæeldne fiskearter.- Vidensk. Meddr. dansk naturh. Foren., 104: 179-206.

WHEELER, A., 1969. The fishes of the British Isles and north-west Europe: i-xvii, 1-613. (McMillan, London.)

H. NIJSSEN
Institute of Taxonomic Zoology
University of Amsterdam
Plantage Middenlaan 53
1018 DC Amsterdam - the Netherlands

Received: 4 May 1977

Mailed: 30 September 1977

P. DE KOEIJER
Delta Institute for
Hydrobiological Research
Vierstraat 28
Yerseke - the Netherlands

TABLE I

RECORDS OF THE DERBIO, TRACHINOTUS OVATUS, IN NORTHERN ATLANTIC WATERS

1.	X-1857	off Runnel Stone, Mount's Bay, Cornwall	(BMNH)
2.	28-VIII-1878	off Penzance, Cornwall	(BMNH)
3.	9- IX-1918	off Korsør, Store Belt, Sjaelland	(ZMUC)
4.	19-VIII-1920	Hals, eastern entrance to Limfjorden, Jylland	(ZMUC)
5.	1932	Ålbaek Bugt, Jylland	•
6.	22- IX-1945	Hundested, entrance Isefjord, Sjaelland	(ZMUC)
7.	5 - IX-1950	Thyboron, western entrance to Limfjorden, Jylland	
8.	XII-1960	South of Fyn	(ZMUC)
9.	23-VIII-1961	Aebeltoft Bay, Jylland	(ZMUC)
10.	26-VIII-1961	Innerwel, Wigtown Bay, Irish Sea	(BMNH)
11.	x-1 965	Isefjord, Sjaelland	(ZMUC)
12.	21- X-1976	Oosterschelde, Zeeland	(ZMA)

BMNH = British Museum (Natural History)

ZMA = Zoölogisch Museum, Amsterdam

ZMUC = Universitets Zoologiske Museum, Copenhagen

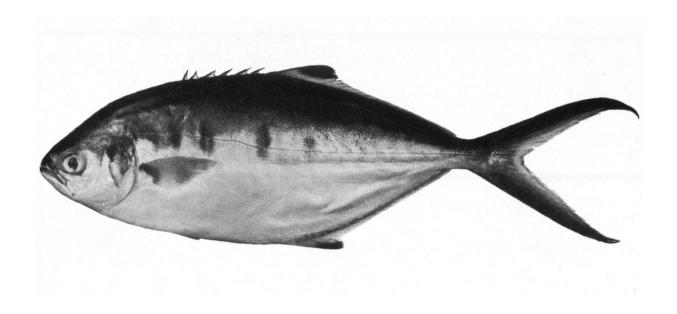


Fig. 1. Trachinotus ovatus, a specimen of 33.8 cm total lenght, caught alive in the coastal waters of the Netherlands (ZMA 11.308) on 21-X-1976 (Photo L.A. van der Laan, ZMA).

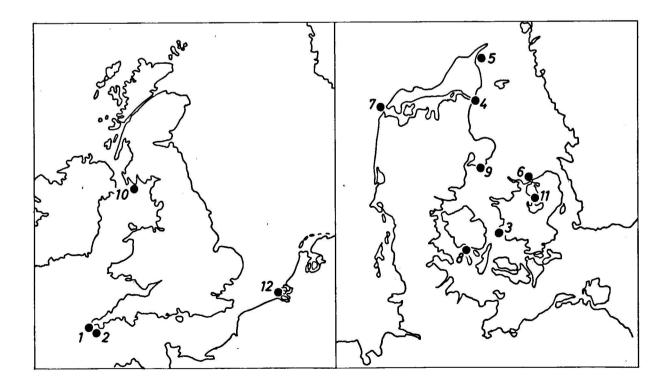


Fig. 2. Records of Trachinotus ovatus in northern Atlantic waters (see table I for locality data).