## NOTE VII.

## A NEW LONGICORN BEETLE FROM SUMATRA

DESCRIBED BY

## C. RITSEMA Cz.

## Coelosterna Rouyeri, n. sp. Q.

Length 38 mm., breadth at the shoulders 14 mm., length of the antennae 37 mm. — Black, covered with a grey pubescence which is wanting on the declivous front portion of the shoulders and which is very delicate on the legs; the antennae sooty black, the apical third of the elytra narrowly margined laterally with the same colour, the extreme tip of the apical ventral segment likewise black.

Head subquadrate in front, underlobe of the eyes large, rounded; face between the eyes rather narrow, higher than broad, slightly convex in a longitudinal direction, divided longitudinally by a groove which has the impressed median line at its bottom. Antennary tubers subapproximate; antennae slender, as long as the body, the 6 or 7 basal joints thinly fringed beneath; the nearly impunctate scape is subcylindrical, slightly widened out at the tip on the outside and provided with a sharply defined open cicatrix; the scape is as long as the 4th joint which is distinctly shorter than the 3rd; the 5th to 10th joints are subequal in length to each other, the 11th or apical one slightly longer and very acutely pointed.

Prothorax transverse, provided at the middle of the sides with a strong acute spine, the disk with a few undulate transverse wrinkles between which some indistinct punctures occur. Scutellum very broadly rounded at the apex.

Elytra broad at the base which is straight, faintly nar-Notes from the Leyden Museum, Vol. XXVIII. rowing towards the apices which are truncate and have each two spines, the sutural one longer and more acuminate than the external one; the elytra are covered at the base with glossy black granules, each of these followed by a deeply impressed puncture, the granules and punctures smaller and more scattered towards the middle, larger and more densely set towards and on the shoulders; on the middle the granules are replaced by punctures at some distance beyond the scutellum, at the sides at one third of the length of the elytra, and these punctures become smaller and smaller towards the end of the elytra.

Mesosternal process bluntly angular.

Hab. West-Sumatra: Pajakombo (H. Rouyer). — A single female-specimen in the Leyden Museum.

The above described species, which I have dedicated to its captor, somewhat looks like an *Apriona*, but the sharply defined cicatrix at the scape of the antennae and the angular, not declivous mesosternal process remove it at once from that genus.

Leyden Museum, April 1906.