P E R S O O N I A Published by the Rijksherbarium, Leiden Volume 10, Part 2, pp. 309 (1979)

BOOKS RECEIVED BY THE RIJKSHERBARIUM LIBRARY

G. GUZMÁN, Identificación de los hongos comestibles, venenosos, alucinantes y destructores de la madera. (Editorial Limusa, Mexico City, 1979). Pp. 452 including 218 Plates. Price: \$9.-(excl. postage).

This is the first flora of macromycetes published for Mexico. The first part of it contains rather elaborate keys to nearly 600 species; the second part illustrations of all species treated, partly as line-drawings, partly as black-and-white photographs (often more than one per species). The variation of fungi represented reflects the great ecological diversity of Mexico. A list of Mexican names of fungi and lists of edible, poisonous, hallucinogeneous and wood-destroying fungi are added, as well as a Spanish glossary. The disadventage of the lack of microscopical characters in the keys is partly compensated by the presence of numerous illustrations.

G. GUZMÁN, *Hongos*. (Editorial Limusa, Mexico City, 1978). Pp. 194 including 186 coloured photographs. Price: \$ 7.- (excl. postage).

In this book, meant for amateurs, the most common mushrooms of Mexico are illustrated by coloured photographs of rather varying quality.

M. A. A. SCHIPPER, (1) On certain species of Mucor with a key to all accepted species, (2) On the genera Rhizomucor and Parasitella. (Studies in Mycology 17, C.B.S., Baarn, 1978). Pp. respect. 52 and 19, 34 Text-figs. Price: Hfl. 20.-.

In the first paper 21 species and varieties of *Mucor* (4 of which are new) not earlier treated by the author, are described and illustrated. A key is given to all 49 species of *Mucor* accepted. — In the second paper the genus *Rhizomucor* is reintroduced for 3 thermophilic species and *Parasitella* accepted for one parasitic species of *Mucor*.

R. A. SAMSON, A compilation of the Aspergilli described since 1965. (Studies in Mycology 18, C.B.S., Baarn, 1979). Pp. 38, 7 Text-figs. Price: Hfl. 10,-.

Of the 99 taxa of Aspergillus described after the publication of the monograph of Raper & Fennell (1965), 34 are accepted, summarily described and taxonomically discussed. The remaining names are considered to be synonymous or doubtful.