## **FAMILY NEWS**

New authors. Again a number of colleagues have volunteered to participate in the Flora Malesiana project and to treat a number of taxa, i.e. Balsaminaceae (Dr. Shimizu, KANA) and Saxifragaceae (Dr. L.G. Saw, KEP), whereas for the Pteridaceae we are trying to raise funds to set up a team (Dr. M. Zink and Mr. H. Schneider [Z] and Dr. Aziz Bidin [UKMB]).

Annonaceae. Dr. K. Mat-Salleh (UKMB) is studying Cyathocalyx, Drepananthus, Enicosanthum, Goniothalamus, Marsypopetalum, Mitrephora, Neouvaria, Woodiellantha, and Xylopia for the Tree Flora of Sabah and Sarawak.

Apocynaceae. See above under Scientific News - European Union network 'Botanical diversity of the Indo-Pacific Region' (Dr. D.J. Middleton). At present three authors are working on a revision of the family: Dr. A.J.M. Leeuwenberg (WAG), Dr. D.J. Middleton (TCD), and Mr. K. Sidiyasa (L).

Leeuwenberg will monograph Cerbera (5 spp), Chilocarpus (15), Leuconotis (7), and Melodinus (45), and revise the Malesian species of Hunteria (1), Lepiniopsis (1), Ochrosia (incl. Neisosperma, 12), and Rauvolfia (8). He will work up the text for the Flora using existing monographs of his own of Tabernaemontana, Voacanga, and Lorence & Wagner's of Lepinia.

- F.I. van Nek (WAG) has started a monograph of Carissa for Africa, but may do the Asian ones as well.
- Dr. L.G. Saw (KEP) will study Kopsia for N. Borneo and revise the family for the Tree Flora of Sabah and Sarawak.

Sidiyasa is monographing Alstonia for his Ph.D.

Y.-P. Yang (KUN) will come to WAG in January 1995 to monograph 4 genera present in China, at least the first and last one have some representatives in Malesia: Epigynum (10), Parepigynum (1), Sindechites (2), and Trachelospermum (15).

No plans have been made for Allowoodsonia (1) which is known from the Solomon Islands and may occur within the Malesian area as well, Alyxia (45), Dyera (2), and the rest of Kopsia.

Araceae. Dr. P.C. Boyce (K) will be revising Aridarum, Bucephalandra, and Piptospatha next. He and Hay are working on the architecture of Pothos, and with Dr. J. Bogner he is working on the sex expression in Pothoidium.

Dr. A. Hay (NSW) is coordinator of the Araceae also for the Flora of Thailand Project. His E-mail address is: alistair@rbgsyd.gov.au. He is developing a large living collection for the basis of the revision of Alocasia, Homalonema, and Schismatoglottis. Homalonema in New Guinea will be the first, then Schismatoglottis in the Malay Peninsula.

Dr. W.L.A. Hetterscheid (L) aims to complete Amorphophallus in 1995.

Dr. J. Murata (TI) will be revising Malesian Arisaema in the near future.

Ms. Wydiartini (BO) has revised Anadendrum under the supervision of Dr. E. Widjaja.

Euphorbiaceae. See above under Scientific News - European Union network 'Botanical diversity of the Indo-Pacific Region' (Dr. S. Dressler, Dr. P. Hoffmann) and Malesian Euphorbiaceae Newsletter 3 and 4. Number 3 (note misprint of page headings!) contains a generic checklist with estimated number of (Malesian) species.

Work has begun on the revision of Macaranga (c. 250 spp.). The Sunda Shelf species have been thoroughly studied already in the published revisions of Sumatra, Malaya, Borneo, and Thailand and the first step now is to collate and round-out the groups that occur there. The biggest group is sect. Pachystemon, for which the biological studies of Mr. S. Davies (A) provide useful new insights.

Dr. H.-J. Esser (formerly HBG) will study Sapium, Sebastiania, and Stillingia (Hippomaninae), from 1 December, 1994, for 4 months at L, funded by a visitors grant from the Netherlands Organization for Scientific Research (NWO). Moreover, he will assist Ms. T. Djarwaningsih (BO) in her revision of Exoecaria.

Mr. R. Haegens (L) has started on a revision and phylogenetic analysis of Baccaurea.

Mr. Z. Mohamad (UKMB) is studying Mallotus under the guidance of Dr. A. Latiff.

Ms. Musayyinah (BO) is revising Koilodepas.

Ms. E.W. Wiryani (BO) is revising Codiaeum.

Tree Flora Sabah and Sarawak. A number of families have been revised for the Tree Flora of Sabah and Sarawak: Alangiaceae by Mr. A. Berhaman (SAN), the main problem of which was the A. javanicum-complex; Anisophylaeaceae by Mr. L. Madani (SAN), in which 5 new spp were discovered; Bignoniaceae by Mr. A. Berhaman (SAN), who discovered several new taxa for Nyctocalos; Burseraceae by Mr. K.M. Kochummen (KEP), including two species of Canarium, 5 of Haplobolus, and 5 species and 1 new variety of Santiria; Capparaceae by Ms. D. Kennard (FLAS, now at SAN); Celastraceae by Mr. K.M. Kochummen (KEP), who recognized two new species and two new varieties of Kokoona and 6 new species and 1 new variety of Microtropis and reinstated Microtropis borneensis; Goodeniaceae by Dr. K.M. Wong (SAN), who discovered two new species of Scaevola, one from Mt. Kinabalu, the other from the Mulu limestone; Hypericaceae by Dr. K.M. Wong (SAN); Lecythidaceae by Ms. M. Pinard (FLAS, now at SAN); Ochnaceae by Mr. K.M. Kochummen (KEP); Pittosporaceae by Mr. J.B. Sugau (SAN), including two new species, one from Mt. Kinabalu, the other from Mt. Silam; Rhizophoraceae by Mr. L. Madani (SAN); Simaroubaceae by Mr. J. Kulip and Dr. K.M. Wong (SAN); Trigoniaceae by Dr. K.M. Wong (SAN).